

# SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXI NO. 85

SEYMORE, INDIANA, TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1912.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## SUIT IS FILED TO BREAK WILL

Of Late August Bobb Sr. Who Died Last September In Washington Township.

## NEARLY ALL OF THE ESTATE

By Will Goes To One Son.—Other Children And Grandchildren Not Satisfied.

A suit has been filed in the circuit court contesting the will of the late August Bobb Sr. who died in Washington township in September 1911 leaving an estate which is estimated to be worth about \$20,000. By the will one son, August Bobb, Jr. receives practically all of the estate. A few small bequests were made, including \$75 to each of the other children. These children, Mrs. Amelia Niederhelman, Mrs. Elizabeth Blaze and Mrs. Sophia Wiethoff of Seymour and two grandchildren, Mrs. Elizabeth Tiemeyer of Dudleytown and Henry Kriete southeast of Seymour, children of Mrs. Caroline Kriete deceased, are the plaintiffs in the contest case and are represented by Elsner & Kastig, attorneys.

The allegations include the various grounds prescribed by the statutes as foundations for contests of wills, including undue influence, unsoundness of mind at time of drawing will and that will was unduly executed.

At the time of the drawing of the will it is stated that Mr. and Mrs. Bobb made their home with the son and the will was drawn in Seymour. The value of the estate, which included considerable land, was not as great at that time as at present. By the will all of the property aside from a few small bequests, was left to the widow and at her death was to go to the son August Bobb Jr. Later Mrs. Bobb died so that when the will was probated, Sept. 11, 1911, the son became the principal beneficiary.

When Mr. Bobb died he was a little over eighty years of age.

### Series C.

The Cooperative Building and Loan Association will open a new Series C Monday, April 1. This Association has enabled many citizens of Seymour to own their own homes, and to accumulate a sum of money for business or other use. The Association's plan gathers up the small savings each week, places the whole sum at interest and apportions the profits every three months. See the secretary, Thos J. Clark, opera house block, for particulars.

### U. V. L.

All comrades are requested to be present at our regular meeting Wednesday, March 6. Business of importance.

WM. R. DAY, Col.  
m6d JOHN HUNTERMAN, Adj.

### Notice.

All Gas and Electric bills are due the first of each month and must be paid at company's office on or before the fifteenth of the month.

SEYMORE PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

565 is Sparta's phone. For good candies and ice cream call 565.

K-O-D-A-K  
Bargains!  
Bargains!  
WHILE THEY LAST

There is a Special Charm to the Pictures made about your own fireside. Let us show you how simple picture taking is the Kodak way. Kodaks \$5.00 up. Brownies \$1.00 to \$12.00. Come in and see. Headquarters for Amateur Supplies

Andrews Drug Co.  
THE Rexall STORE

Registered Pharmacists. Phone 633.

DIED.  
DUNN.—Mrs. Martha Dunn, age 67 years, died Tuesday morning at the Deaconess hospital in Louisville, where she had been for the past two months.

She was born in Kentucky and in that state was married to W. R. Dunn. They moved to Indiana and before locating at Cortland twelve years ago they lived at Alton. They spent two years in Florida but returned home last fall on account of Mrs. Dunn's health. Besides the husband, one son, Dr. J. T. Dunn of Louisville, one daughter, Mrs. J. M. Jenkins of Cortland and an adopted daughter, Mrs. K. F. Bottorff of this city, survive.

Mrs. Dunn was a member of the Methodist church and had many friends in the county.

The funeral services will be conducted from the residence of Mrs. K. F. Bottorff on N. Pine street, Wednesday morning at 10:30 by Rev. R. G. Clinton of Shelbyville. Burial in Riverview cemetery.

BRETTHAUER.—Mrs. William Bretthauer died Monday evening at her home in Dudleytown after an illness of several months of consumption. She was born Sept. 15, 1859, one and one-half miles east of Dudleytown. The husband and six grown children with several sisters and brothers and many other relatives survive.

Two of the sisters, Mrs. Mary Rothkopf and Mrs. Henry Bretthauer live in this city. The funeral services will be conducted from the residence Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock by Rev. Deimler. Burial in church cemetery there.

At the Democratic primary in Scott county Hugh Colvin was nominated for treasurer. Newt Howell for clerk, Alvin Clark for sheriff, Joe Keith for recorder and Charles Montgomery and Allen Clark for commissioners. The race for judge was close. According to reports Sam Wells of the Scott County Journal defeated Mark Stoen by four votes. There are two other counties in the district, Ripley and Jennings and Ripley has a candidate for the nomination, Robert Creigmire. According to the expression of some of the politicians here Wells' victory at home will be a rather empty one as the Ripley man with his own county vote needs only two more to nominate and men who were in Jennings Monday say that Creigmire won most of the delegation there. Wells however doubtless appreciates the victory at home.

The Junior O. U. A. M. gave a banquet and entertainment for their families and friends last night in their lodge rooms.

The program included musical selections by Misses Pearl and Lizzie Fox, Clara Pollert, Lawrence Hattabaugh, Guy Hazzard and the orchestra, violin solos by C. V. Collins and Ed Owens and recitations by Arthur Montgomery, Esther Prall, Edna Montgomery and J. U. Montgomery.

A prize was presented to Charles Felter and a short talk was made by Dr. Prall.

Miss Martha Schmidt left this morning for New Orleans, La. to attend the Mardi Gras and visit her brother, Rev. Ed Schmidt. Miss Clara Schmidt who has been there several weeks, will accompany her home.

Phone 621 for Ice. John J. Cobb.  
Seymour Business College Phone 403.

## NEW OFFICIAL IS APPOINTED

Albert Prather Succeeds Lincoln Holmes as Assessor of Carr Township.

## PRECINCT LINE WAS CHANGED

In Hamilton Township By The Commissioners.—Other Business At Board Session.

The county commissioners held their regular monthly session at Brownstown Monday and Tuesday. The usual number of claims were allowed and action was taken in several matters Monday.

A slight change was made in the precinct line in Hamilton township by which thirty votes are thrown from the Surprise precinct into the Cortland precinct.

Charles Pauley, who conducts a saloon on East Third street in this city was granted privilege of changing locations. He will occupy a building which adjoins his old location.

Albert Prather was appointed Assessor of Carr township to succeed Lincoln Holmes. The latter resigned his office Saturday.

Peaches in March no longer are the impossibility of tradition, for they are on the menu cards at hotels de luxe in Chicago, but at "60 cents each." Some enterprising peach grower in South Africa has found a variety which will stand shipment so far and has opened up a new market. On the same menu are English hot-house grapes at \$1.75 per bunch and a special variety of the great American apple, which is put into steward's French as "Delicioso" although it is the Stark Delicious of commerce, served uncooked, at 20 cents each and sometimes more. There also are Tabasco bananas, the finest in the world in size and flavor and apricots from Africa at a price which reflects the time, trouble and expense involved in getting them. The peaches in California are but now in bud and those of Georgia will not bloom for months so that the stewards are as proud of their menu item South Africa peaches as they are of the Cape of Good Hope apricots just below it among the fruit delicacies, which now include strawberries and cream at \$1.75. Nowadays, on the verge of the "fruitless" days, a fine discrimination about fruits is only more important to the steward of a big hotel than the privilege to list bottled milk from the dairy farm of a millionaire packer or squat or frogs' legs from the farm of some other magnate whose recreation is a farm even if the milk costs more than champagne and the squabs cost more than quail. The hotels vie with one another for products from these estates because patrons take a keen interest in the names attached on the menu cards.

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Phone 621 for Ice. John J. Cobb.  
Seymour Business College Phone 403.

Country Hams, pound.....17c  
Country Shoulders, pound.....12½c  
Country Lard, pound.....12½c  
By 10 pounds or more.....11c  
Country Bacon cut.....12½c  
By side.....10½c

Medora or Fort Ritner Flour will advance refund money if not satisfactory.

While it lasts, bag.....60c

Country Hams, pound.....17c  
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## THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH HARRY J. MARTIN  
Editors and Publishers.Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-  
office as Second-class Matter

DAILY		\$5.00
One Year	2.50	
Six Months	1.25	
Three Months	.625	
One Month	.45	
One Week	.10	
WEEKLY		\$1.00
One Year in Advance		

TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1912.

Heart to Heart  
Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.

## GRIT, GRACE, GUMPTION.

Ever hear about Charles Sunderland  
of Alton, Ill?Although he has neither fingers nor  
hands and only the poor stump of an  
arm, Sunderland is a prosperous home-  
owner and a popular citizen. The people  
of Alton because—the only piece of an arm he has  
is a home, wife and babies.

In the story:

The age of nine years Sunderland  
was supporting his father's family.  
While he was feeding a can  
the cruel machine took off one  
at the shoulder and the other at  
the elbow. His first words on recovering  
consciousness were—Who will chop wood for you now,  
ma?

Pluck?

When the boy got out of the hospital  
he did not mope nor pose as a hopeless  
cripple. He learned how to chop  
wood with his stub.As he grew up Sunderland saved  
money by hauling wood and bought a  
team. Now he owns two teams and  
does most of the heavy hauling busi-  
ness in Alton.He loads coal or sand by grasping  
the shovel in the bend of his elbow,  
puts it against his side and with a  
body motion throws the shovel upward.

How does he drive?

He puts the lines over his shoulder,  
wrapping them around his half an  
arm. And his son Fred says, "Pa can  
hitch up a team faster than I can."

His family:

Years ago Sunderland married a widow  
with five children. He has fathered  
all of them, educated them and sent  
them out into the world to prosper. He  
had a second flock of three, the oldest  
of whom, Fred, drives one of the  
teams.Why shouldn't Charles Sunderland  
be called Alton's "most representative  
citizen?" This is his sentiment:"Anybody ought to be thankful for  
being able to make a decent living,  
arms or no arms, and raise a family of  
his own."And so he goes his way to his work  
whistling and content.

And you!

You have two good arms, two good  
hands and ten good fingers—twelve  
times as much as he.

And you complain!

When you read the story of gritty,  
prosperous Charles Sunderland of Alton,  
are you not just the least bit  
ashamed of yourself?

## THE CAT.

From the standpoint of utility, except in so far as decorativeness is utility, not much can be said for the average cat these days. The cat enjoys its privileges without greatly concerning itself with the responsibilities. In point of fact, its services in at houses would be superfluous. The mousetrap now does for most households what the cat formerly did. Nor is the cat particularly distinguished by the affection for its master which is so conspicuous in the dog, its sole domestic rival for the warm spot under the kitchen stove. If you will note the cat carefully, you will observe that it usually wants something of you when it comes around. None of its calls are courtesy calls. The arched back and the "meow-meow" are eloquent of its desires. If it does not receive these marks of attention and fails to find anything else that interests it, say, a nice warm spot in your lap to take a nap in, the cat moves majestically and indifferently away. Your personality has no particular charm for it. It admires the radiator more than it does you. These characteristic symptoms of self-centeredness and grave detachment are reinforced by the eyes of the cat. A cat's eyes look at you, as they seem to be looking beyond you. They are like the eyes of the camelion, which always seem to be seeing the distant desert that it loves and that is calling to it by night and day.

Incidental to the holidays some one has taken the trouble to make a comparison between the census of 1900 and that of 1910 relative to the production of poultry in the United States. It appears that the production of turkeys has declined nearly one-half in the ten years, says the Manchester Union. Ducks have also fallen off; geese have remained nearly the same, and chickens have increased. The obvious conclusion is that unless there shall be a change

An Essential Part  
of Religion

To be a Christian is to be a follower of Christ. And the man who wants to be a follower of Christ must study the character of Christ that he may make it his own.

Jesus defined his own character in very plain words. "The Son of man is come not to be served, but to serve, and to give." To serve and to give must be our motto if we wish to be followers of Jesus. He spent his life in service, saying "I am come down from Heaven not to do my own will, but the will of him that sent me," and after he had finished the work which God had given him to do (John 17:4) he gave his life a ransom for many.

Giving is therefore an essential part of following Jesus, as much so as service is. And it is the duty of every Christian to consider carefully and prayerfully what he can and should give, and then to study the different ways in which he can serve God effectively for his gifts. Most persons seem to begin at the wrong end by waiting till some special appeal is made, and then giving under the impulse of that appeal without having formed any definite purpose as to the total amount to be given in the course of a year. And it is reasonably safe to say that most of those who give only in this way give a much smaller proportion of their total income than they suppose.

## Systematic Giving.

Systematic giving is the only true way; for it is the only way that is based on a frank recognition of God's claims and an honest effort to meet them. The Nashville Christian Advocate makes the following sensible remarks on this subject:

"Thousands upon thousands have adopted the tithing system, and it should be no matter of surprise to those who believe in God and his word that these thousands upon thousands are wonderfully blessed in their spiritual life and in their material affairs. Yet there may be a misleading influence in the meaning ordinarily attached to the words, 'I give a tenth to God.' There is danger that people will think that we may give nine-tenths to ourselves as long as we give one-tenth to him.

"God demands the ten-tenths. He tells us that in supporting ourselves and our families, and in supplying the social, civic, mental and spiritual demands of our natures, we are truly giving to him. It would be much better to say when laying aside that tenth which is for God: 'While we feel that we should give all to God, we are giving this one-tenth to him for the support of his church and his little ones who throng the highways and the byways of the world.' This is the idea which establishes the proper ratio between what belongs to one part of God's work and what belongs to another part.

## Recognition of God's Gifts.

"One-tenth of what we receive from God—and we receive from no other hand—is surely not too much to give to him in carrying out his purposes through his church. Some people think that it is too little. One thing is certain: no sacrifice for God has ever made the maker unhappy or less prosperous."

"He that soweth sparingly shall reap also sparingly; and he that soweth bountifully shall reap also bountifully. Let each man do according as he hath purposed in his heart; not grudgingly, or of necessity; for God loveth a cheerful giver. And God is able to make all grace abound unto you; that ye having always all sufficiency in everything, may abound unto every good work."

## PERFECT PATTERN OF CHRIST

Rational Criticism Unable to Take  
Away Divine Attributes of the  
Son of God.

It is Christ rather than God whom Christianity has held up to believers as the pattern of perfection for humanity. It is the God incarnate, rather than the God of the Jews or of nature, who, being idealized, has taken so great and salutary a hold on the modern mind. And, whatever else may be taken away from us by rational criticism, Christ is still left; a unique figure, not more unlike all his precursors than all his followers, even those who had the direct benefit of his personal teaching. It is of no use to say that Christ, as exhibited in the gospels, is not historical, and that we know not how much of what is admirable has been superseded by the traditions of his followers.

Saxon Salve gives immediate relief

from the terrible itching and burning,

and also penetrates the skin thoroughly,

healing it in a short time. It is

the most satisfactory we have ever

seen, and is as good for young children

as for older people. The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Fifty Years Ago Today.  
March 5.

The new Federal ironclad Monitor, destined to revolutionize naval warfare four days later, was still in the hands of mechanics in New York.

Van Dorn's Confederates were within a day's march of General Curtis' outposts near Bentonville, Ark. Senator Andrew Johnson was appointed brigadier general and military governor of Tennessee by President Lincoln.

## Twenty-five Years Ago Today.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, the celebrated congregational minister and editor, was stricken with apoplexy at his home in Brooklyn.

BALTIMORE & OHIO  
SOUTHWESTERN R.R.

COMMENCING MARCH 1st AND  
CONTINUING DAILY TO APRIL  
15th, 1912. WE WILL SELL ONE  
WAY TICKETS TO ARIZONA,  
BRITISH COLUMBIA, CALIFORNIA,  
COLORADO, IDAHO, MEXICO,  
MONTANA, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO,  
OREGON, TEXAS, UTAH,  
WASHINGTON AND WYOMING AT  
VERY LOW RATES.

ALSO ON THE FIRST AND  
THIRD TUESDAY OF EACH MONTH  
ROUND TRIP TICKETS ARE SOLD  
GOOD TO RETURN WITHIN 25  
DAYS TO THE WEST, SOUTHWEST,  
ALSO TO THE SOUTH AND  
SOUTHEAST. FOR RATES AND  
TIME OF TRAINS CALL AT B. & O.  
TICKET OFFICE OR ADDRESS  
E. MASSMAN, Agt.

W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P. A.,  
Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern  
Traction Company.



In Effect December 4, 1911.

Northbound	Southbound
Cars Ev. Seymour	Cars Ar. Seymour
6:55 a. m. I	C 6:20 a. m.
8:10 a. m. I	G 7:51 a. m.
9:18 a. m. I	I 8:51 a. m.
10:20 a. m. I	I 9:09 a. m.
11:18 a. m. I	I 11:09 a. m.
12:00 p. m. I	I 11:50 a. m.
1:18 p. m. I	I 2:20 p. m.
2:00 p. m. I	I 2:50 p. m.
2:18 p. m. I	I 3:50 p. m.
3:00 p. m. I	I 4:10 p. m.
5:00 p. m. I	I 4:52 p. m.
6:18 p. m. I	I 5:09 p. m.
7:20 p. m. I	I 6:53 p. m.
8:18 p. m. I	I 7:53 p. m.
10:45 p. m. G	I 8:10 p. m.
11:55 p. m. C	I 9:50 p. m.
I—Indianapolis.	I—Columbus.
G—Greenwood.	x—Indianapolis-Seymour Limited.
x—Hoosier Flyers. —Dixie Flyers.	z—Makes no country stops between Indianapolis and Edinburg, but makes all stops south of Edinburg, connects with the B. & O. west leaving Seymour at 2:03 p. m.
Cars makes connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. and Southern Indiana Railroads for all points east and west of Seymour.	For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.
General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.	

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE  
TRACTION COMPANY



Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., \*1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, \*9:00, \*11:00 p. m.

\* Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars.

For rates and further information see agents, or official time folders in all cars.

GENERAL OFFICES,  
Scottsburg, Indiana.

## "SOUTHEASTERN LINE."

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway Company.

## NORTHBOUND

No. 2	No. 4.	No. 6.
6:20 am	11:30 am	4:50 pm
7:58 am	1:10 pm	6:23 pm
9:07 am	2:21 pm	7:38 pm
9:17 am	2:31 pm	7:46 pm
9:33 am	2:46 pm	7:59 pm
7:55 am	1:55 pm	8:14 pm
9:17 am	2:09 pm	8:47 pm
10:20 am	3:21 pm	9:40 pm
11:15 am	4:25 pm	10:30 pm

## SOUTHBOUND

No. 1	No. 3.	No. 5.
6:00 am	10:45 am	6:25 pm
6:54 am	11:42 am	6:29 pm
7:18 am	12:08 pm	6:53 pm
7:30 am	12:20 pm	7:05 pm
7:45 am	12:35 pm	7:21 pm
7:55 am	12:45 pm	7:36 pm
9:17 am	1:20 pm	8:56 pm
10:50 am	3:40 pm	10:30 pm

Westport 7:39 a. m. train North-bound leaves Seymour 8:20 p. m. arriving at Westport



## Keeps Your Stove "Always Ready for Company"

A bright, clean, glossy stove is the joy and pride of every housekeeper. But it is hard to keep a stove nice and shiny—unless Black Silk Stove Polish is used.

Here is the reason: Black Silk Stove Polish sticks right to the iron. It doesn't rub off or dust off. Its shine lasts four times longer than the shine of any other polish. You only need to polish one-fourth as often, yet your stove will be cleaner, brighter and better looking than it has been since you first bought it. Use

## BLACK SILK STOVE POLISH

on your parlor stove, kitchen stove or gas stove. Get a can from your hardware or stove dealer. If you do not find it better than any other stove polish you have ever used before, your dealer is authorized to refund your money. But we feel sure you will agree with the thousands of other up-to-date women who are now using Black Silk Stove Polish and who say it is the "best stove polish ever made."

### LIQUID OR PASTE ONE QUALITY

Be sure to get the genuine. Black Silk Stove Polish costs you no more than the ordinary kind. Keep your grates, registers, fenders and stove pipes bright and free from rusting by using BLACK SILK AIR-DRYING ENAMEL. Brush free with each can of enamel only.

Use BLACK SILK METAL POLISH for silverware, nickel, tinware or brass. It works quickly and easily, and leaves a brilliant surface. It has no equal for use on automobiles.

**Black Silk Stove Polish Works**  
STERLING, ILLINOIS



### Advertised List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter office.

#### LADIES.

Mrs. Josie Myres.

Mrs. T. O. Watrous.

#### MEN.

Harry Day.

Mr. Sherman Evans.

A. H. Fowler.

Mr. A. H. Fowler.

Mr. Geo. Reese.

March 4, 1912.

EDW. A. REMY, Postmaster.

Do you know that of all the minor ailments colds are by far the most dangerous? It is not the cold itself that you need to fear, but the serious diseases that it often leads to. Most of these are known as germ diseases. Pneumonia and consumption are among them. Why not take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and cure your cold while you can? For sale by all dealers.

Now it is the Moslem women of Egypt who are taking part in the woman movement, having asked of the Moslem congress the right to attend prayers and sermons in the mosques, a privilege already granted to the women of Constantinople. They also ask that the primary education of young women be made obligatory; that young girls be admitted to schools of medicine; to use means to prevent polygamy and the abuse of divorce and to teach Mohammedan girls sewing, housekeeping and hygiene.

## THIS LADY'S GOOD APPETITE

**Mrs. Hansen, In a Letter From Mobile, Tells How She Gained It.**

Mobile, Ala.—"I suffered for seven years, with womanly trouble," writes Mrs. Sigurd Hansen in a letter from this city. "I felt weak and always had a headache and was always going to the doctor. At last I was operated on, and felt better, but soon I had the same trouble."

My husband asked me to try Cardui. I felt better after the first bottle, and now, I have a good appetite and sleep well. I feel fine, and the doctor tells me I am looking better than he ever saw me."

If you are sick and miserable, and suffer from any of the pains due to womanly trouble—try Cardui.

Cardui is successful because it is composed of ingredients that have been found to act curatively on the womanly constitution.

For more than fifty years, it has been used by women of all ages, with great success. Try It. Your druggist sells it.

N. B.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

## The War Fifty Years Ago

**Activities of Federals on the Upper Mississippi—Wooden Gunboats Move Up Tennessee River to the Alabama Border—Efficiency of Warships Made Out of Passenger Steamers—Putting the New Ironclads to the Supreme Test—The New Confederate Ram and the David Built to Defeat Her—General W. T. Sherman Again Takes the Field—Lincoln Hurries Forward the Mortar Boats—Difficulties of Equipping Armies.**

By Captain GEORGE L. KILMER, Late U. S. V.

**T**HIS period fifty years ago, the last week in February and the early days of March, was one of great activity in the opposing navies. In the east the Confederates were completing the famous ram Merrimac at Norfolk, Va. Feb. 23 the United States government accepted from John Ericsson the little ironclad Monitor, although the pigmy was unfinished. For two weeks she remained in New York in the hands of mechanics, who worked night and day to have her ready to do battle against the Merrimac. The fame of this ram had spread in the north, and timid ones in Washington feared that that city would be attacked, perhaps New York, Philadelphia and Boston in turn, unless some mysterious agent should come to the front and defeat her.

In the west the ships of both sides were getting ready to dispute the control of the Mississippi river. On the lower Mississippi the south, notably the state of Louisiana, was preparing to head off the western gulf squadron, which Commodore Farragut was assembling to attack the Confederate defenses at New Orleans. On the upper Mississippi and on the Tennessee river the Federal naval commanders were especially active. The navy had captured Fort Henry on Feb. 6 and fought well but vainly at Fort Donelson, on the Cumberland, ten days later. Immediately after the fall of Fort Donelson the warships of the fleet engaged there began to advance up the Tennessee toward Alabama.

#### Warfare on the Upper Mississippi.

On March 1 the wooden gunboats Tyler and Lexington fought with the Confederate shore batteries at Pittsburg, Tenn., the landing nearest to the future battle ground of Shiloh. Both vessels were to play an important part in that battle five weeks later. On the upper Mississippi the Fort Henry and Donelson fleet, called the western or Mississippi flotilla, went heroically to work to open the great waterway downward and meet the Farragut ships from New Orleans in case they got past the big forts which the Confederates had built at the river's mouth. Flag Officer Foote, commander of this flotilla, had been wounded at Fort Donelson, and at Fort Henry and Donelson together, three of the ironclads had been put out of action temporarily by Confederate shots. These were the Essex, St. Louis and Carondelet.

The first action of Foote upon his recovery was to look after the Confederate post at Columbus, Ky., the point

of the first class. Walke won honors on the Tyler and was placed on the deck of one of the very first of the famous Eads ironclads launched at St. Louis in the fall of 1861, the Carondelet.

#### Three Pioneer Gunboats.

The Tyler, with her consorts, the Lexington and the Conestoga, began the warfare on the upper Mississippi in the summer of 1861 and became the nucleus of a powerful fleet of wooden boats and ironclads which early in the war gained control of the great

waterway as far south as Vicksburg. These three ships had been purchased at Cincinnati in May, 1861, by Commander John Rodgers, son and namesake of the hero of 1812, and converted from river passenger steamers into gunboats. This had been done by lowering their machinery, strengthening their frames and protecting their decks by heavy bulwarks. The Tyler carried six eight-inch shell guns and two thirty-two-pounders. The Lexington four eight-inch guns and two thirty-two-pounders and the Conestoga four thirty-two-pounders. Like all of the naval force on the Mississippi at the time, they were under control of the war department, an arrangement which caused no little friction.

The ironclad additions to the fleet were made just before the attacks upon Fort Henry, and the ships were an experiment there and at Donelson. There was still much to learn about them after their performance under fire from the forts. One point unsettled was their availability for fighting against ships on the broad Mississippi. They had so far encountered no naval enemy on equal terms. As soon as the

Carondelet came out of the repair docks Commander Walke was ordered to try the experiment of backing her up stream. It turned out a complete fiasco, according to Walke, who wrote: "She would sheer from one side of the river to the other, and with two anchors astern she could not be held steady enough to fight her bow guns down stream. She dragged both anchors alternately until they came together, and the experiment failed completely."

#### Sherman Again at the Front.

The Carondelet was part of the fleet which reconnoitered at Columbus at the close of February. The forts looked formidable, and Flag Officer Foote withdrew to get together his full fleet of ironclads and mortar boats. Before he returned to the attack the Confederates under General Leonidas Polk, the "soldier bishop," had evacuated the

post and removed all the stores and munitions of war down the Mississippi to the new stronghold established by General Beauregard at Island No. 10 and New Madrid. Beauregard had just arrived from Virginia to help stem the tide of conquest which the Federals were making in the central west.

This move against Columbus had been initiated by General W. T. Sherman. Sherman had just returned to the field after an absence of some months. In the fall of 1861 he had held a command in Kentucky on the so called "Big Sandy" line. From this duty he had been relieved by his superiors in a manner which placed him under a cloud. On his return from his leave Sherman was assigned to the drilling of recruits at a camp of instruction at Benton barracks, St. Louis. Here through the lowering days of an unusually wet winter he went doggedly on his work.

After the fall of Fort Henry General Halleck ordered Sherman to repair immediately to Paducah, Ky., and take command of the post there. In this service Sherman was to come into contact with Grant and emerge from the cloud that had hung over him all winter. His soldiers occupied the abandoned Confederate works at Columbus on March 2. His activities were shortly directed southward by way of the Tennessee river instead of the Mississippi. Orders reached him March 1 to organize a division to proceed up the Tennessee and to co-operate with forces under General Grant and C. F. Smith, who were to advance by the same route.

Leadership in the Federal operations against the new Confederate stronghold at New Madrid and Island No. 10 were intrusted to General John Pope, whose forces for the campaign were drawn from camps west of the Mississippi. Owing to the strength of the Confederate position a siege was prepared for, the army to be supported by the navy. The Confederates had resolved to defend Island No. 10 to the last, because upon that depended the success of their cause in Missouri. In support of their 7,000 troops on the scene they mustered a respectable flotilla of wooden gunboats, converted to the service from river passenger steamers, the same as the Federal boats Tyler and her consorts.

#### Lincoln and the Mortar Boats.

Additions had been made in February to the ironclads in Commodore Foote's flotilla and, what was equally important, a fleet of mortar boats. These were especially adapted to siege operations. It was said that their arrival in time to play a part in the siege of Island No. 10 was due to the impatience and energy of President Lincoln in person. The boats which would carry the mortars were built at St. Louis under the eyes of Commodore Foote, but the iron beds upon which the mortars would rest were cast at Pittsburgh. The getting of these mortar beds to the boats was the problem which troubled Lincoln. Foote finally sent a representative armed with due authority to the Pittsburgh plant to hurry the matter up. In spite of all, the boats had not been ready for use at Fort Henry and Fort Donelson, but twenty of them reached Mississippi in time to strengthen the guns of Foote's fleet at Island No. 10.

The impending clash all along the front from tidewater Virginia to the

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The pressure for weapons to fight with was very great on both sides. As the first year of war drew to a close the shortage was felt on both sides of the line. In the north the arsenals worked day and night, and private manufacturing plants were impressed to turn out muskets, pistols, cannon and sabers. The same thing was going on in the south, but to a limited degree. In its dilemma it imported many rifles and munitions from Europe.

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# Waist Sale! FOR THIS WEEK

About 200 Waists, including a line of samples, to close out at almost

## HALF PRICE

All are up-to-date and you can save money on every one that you will buy. Come and inspect them.

### Day Light Dry Goods Store

No. 2 and 4 North Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

## MAJESTIC THEATRE

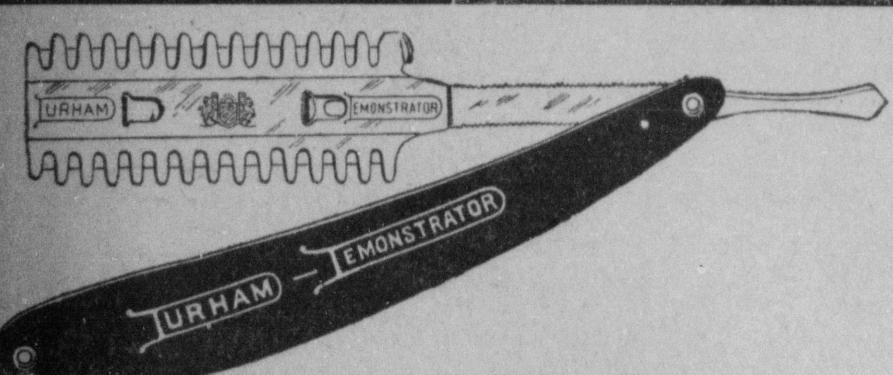
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,  
March 4th, 5th and 6th,

**MELL'S VAUDEVILLE  
ROAD SHOW**

**4-BIG ACTS-4  
2-SHOWS EACH NIGHT-2**

- A—Photoplay Pictures.
- B—VanHofen's Comedy Sketch and Banjo Soloist.
- C—Mlle. Frances, America's Most Refined Lady Trapeze.
- D—Photoplay Pictures.
- E—Hopper and Hopper, Comedy Entertainers of quality.
- F—Marvelous Mells, Remarkable Equilibrists and Artistic Posing.
- G—Photoplay Pictures.

Everybody Cordially Invited—**TOO GOOD TO MISS**  
PRICES: First Floor 10cts, Balcony Adults 10cts, Children 5cts.



We are giving an opportunity to buy the high grade

**DURHAM- DUPLEX  
RAZOR**

at the remarkably low price of

**35 cents**

See window display

**The Racket Store**  
L. F. MILLER, Prop.

## High Grade Bicycles

Dayton Spring Fork, Racycle, Crescent and Rugby.

Also a full line of Tires and Sundries.  
New Perfection Oil Cook - Heating Stoves.  
ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING.

**W. A. Carter & Son,**  
Opposite Interurban Station

Ads in The Republican Get Results

### JACK BARRYMORE

Popular Actor Fined For  
Speeding With His Auto.



New York, March 5.—Jack Barrymore, the actor, was fined \$10 for auto speeding when arraigned before Magistrate Butts.

### FOREIGN TROOPS HAD QUIETING INFLUENCE

### Order Has Been Restored In China's Capital.

Peking, March 5.—Since the opening of the outbreak about 5,000 persons have been killed, according to Yuan Shih Kai. Monday passed without the slightest disturbance, and today absolute quiet prevails in the capital city. It is evident that the arrival of the foreign forces has had the most salutary effect upon the disorderly element, who are no longer in evidence.

Many refugees have arrived here from interior points, among them a number of persons from Paotungfu, where there were serious riots, and where it was reported that a number of foreigners had been killed. Those who arrived here say that the reports are all wrong and that up to the present no foreigner has been hurt.

The delegation which was sent here to represent the revolutionary leaders telegraphed to Nanking urging that the greatest speed be exercised in the formation of the new government, and asking that the request for Yuan Shih Kai to proceed to that city be withdrawn. This, they say, is regarded by them as absolutely necessary in order to preserve the internal peace of the country and to prevent foreign intervention.

The situation at Tientsin is very grave, the losses by fire being enormous, and over one million taels have been taken from the government mint. The Chinese authorities have appealed to the foreign consuls to assume control of the city with the foreign military forces, and this will be done if found necessary upon a further consultation of the foreign ministers. The mutineers attempted to hold up a train carrying American troops from Tientsin to Peking, but were fought off by the American and British railway guards. A machine gun on a flatcar in front of the engine proved effective.

It is now declared that a secret Manchu organization of terrorists is sending emissaries to various population centers to incite the soldiers to revolt. From Shensi frightful stories are coming of the savagery of the soldiery and of the anarchistic conditions which prevail there. A new claimant to the throne of China is expected soon to raise the banner of revolt. The leader will be Marquis Chu Cheng Yu, a lineal descendant of the old Ming dynasty.

Reports have reached here of another battle near San Pedro, in which seventy rebels and thirty of the rebels were killed. At Torreon it is said that a state of complete anarchy prevails. The town is surrounded and has been cut off from the outside world for weeks. Many persons are on the verge of starvation and hundreds of the hungry are begging in the streets. A recent sortie of the garrison was repulsed and the rebels were driven back into the town, with a loss of fifteen dead.

**Congressman Cline Renominated.**  
Fort Wayne, Ind., March 5.—The Democratic congressional convention of the Twelfth district, held in this city, gave a second unanimous renomination to Curus Cline of Angola as representative in congress.

## For Confirmation

We make a special effort each year to clothe the boys who are candidates for confirmation. This year we are showing a finer assortment of CONFIRMATION SUITS than ever before. Fabrics are new and the Suits are made up

### In the Most Attractive Styles

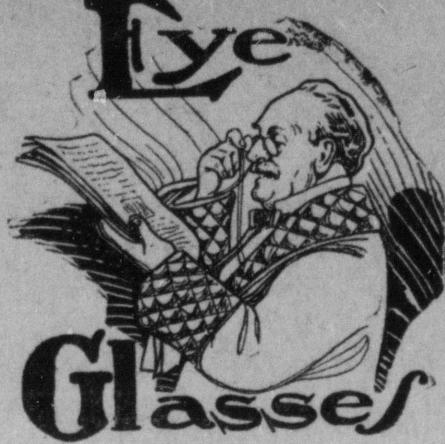
Long Pant or Short Pant Suits made from SERGES, CHEVIOTS and UNFINISHED WORSTEDS

### We Can Fit Boys of All Sizes

We've everything the boy will need in FURNISHINGS and HATS, to go with the Suit, at PRICES THAT ARE RIGHT.

**Adolph Steinwedel**  
*The Clothier*

BETWEEN The First National Bank and The Gold Mine Dept. Store



ARE YOU SHORT-SIGHTED  
or do you wear glasses? In either case are you getting the right kind of lenses in your glasses—the kind that really help—not hinder the sight? We make a specialty of supplying the exact lenses that improve the vision, studying the age, sex and other conditions in each individual. Our work is thorough, always satisfactory and very moderate.

**T. M. JACKSON**  
JEWELER  
Geo. F. Kamman, Optician.

Now Is a Good  
Time to Spray for  
San Jose Scale.

Use one gal. Lime Sulphur to 9 gal. water. Cover the tree entirely, leave no bare places.

We carry full line spray material, also spraying outfits. Price right considering the quality of the goods.

**Ebner Ice & Cold  
Storage Co.**  
Phone 4.

## Building Material

The Very Best  
at the  
Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

## High Grade Mill Work

Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

## Travis Carter Co.

**Drugs  
and Medicines**  
Prescriptions  
A Specialty.

**Geo. F. Meyer**  
South Chestnut St.

## George F. Kamman

Licensed  
Optician  
Glasses Fitted Accurately

With T. M. JACKSON, 104  
West Second Street  
Residence Phone 393R

Electric Wiring, Motor Repairing, Etc.  
**JESS E. NEAL**  
22 St. Louis Ave.  
Electric and Machine Work of All Kinds  
Phone 532. Seymour, Ind.

List Your Farm and City Property  
WITH  
**DeVault & Grayson**  
161 E Second St., Seymour, Ind.

**Frank Klosterman**  
Contracting House Painter  
Estimates upon application. A postal  
will bring us to your door.  
709 S. Poplar St. Seymour, Ind.

Good Clothes

**SPECIAL!**

Children's All Wool Scarlet Spring Over-coats, ages 3 to 6, - \$2.50.

THE CORRECT STYLE FOR PRESENT SEASON.

**THE HUB**

**MAGAZINES**  
and Periodicals at  
17 East Second Street

**T. R. CARTER'S** Opp. Interurban Station

**Just Received Another Shipment of Boneless Shoulders, per lb. 15c**

Sweet Oranges at 25c and 35c per doz.

Fresh Lettuce, Celery, Cabbage, Onions, Boiled Ham, Dried Beef, Kar-A-Van Coffee. Red Rose Flour, per sack, 60c. :::::

**Mayes' Two Cash Groceries**

7 W. Second St., Phone 658. Poplar and Brown Streets.

**A Drop**

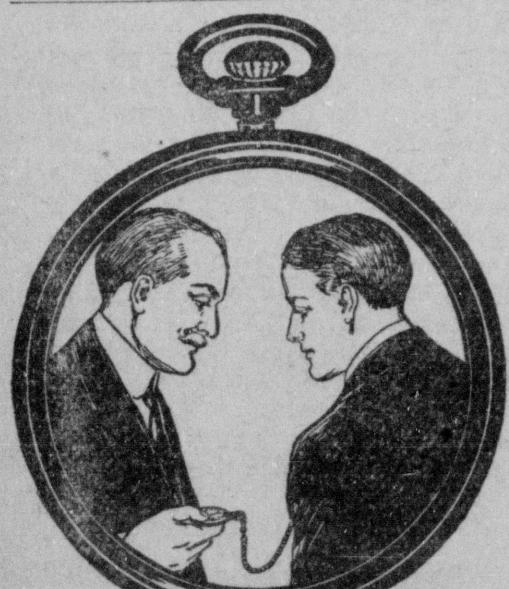
Of Thelma perfume bears the fragrance of a basketful of Spring flowers, and is far more lasting. Try Thelma, and you'll be delighted.

Our Special Skin Soap is a protection against chapping winds and rough skin. Ten cents a cake.

**Cox Pharmacy**  
The Prescription Drug Store.  
Phone 100—Use it.

**CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.**  
Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses.

Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. Monday and Thursday evenings, 7 to 8. Andrews Bldg. Phone 245. Seymour, Ind.



**A GOOD WATCH CHAIN**  
Means much in satisfaction and helps the general appearance of the wearer, come to our store for what is good in Jewelry.

**J. S. Laupus**  
THE JEWELER.

**Seymour Temperatures.**

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt. Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

Max. Min.  
March 5, 1912. 35 20

**Weather Indications.**

Cloudy tonight. Snow south portion. Wednesday probably fair.

**Marriage License.**

Thomas Cox to Sadie Green, both of Jackson county.

**TO CURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY**  
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25¢

Misses Elsie Reynolds and Maybelle Schmitt accompanied Miss Martha Keach to her home in Brownstown this morning for a short visit. Miss Keach will go to Crothersville Wednesday to accept a position in the Crothersville bank.

Mrs. G. A. Berdon underwent a serious operation this morning at the Schneck hospital.

Miss May Spurling is quite sick at her home on South Broadway.

Mrs. George F. Steinkamp, who has been quite sick, is improving.

William Mains, at the Schneck hospital, continues to improve.

Miss Lyda Mains is sick at her home on West Fifth street.

**OSTEOPATHY**  
relieves pain, adds health, prolongs life, helps all, injures none. Examination free. Lady attendant. Phone, office 557, residence 305. Over First National Bank, Seymour.

**PERSONAL.**

E. P. Elsaer went to Indianapolis this morning.

Mrs. J. L. Wilson was here from Medora today.

Rev. James Findley of Brownstown was here today.

Ray R. Keach went to Indianapolis this morning.

Martin Hodapp was in Medora today on business.

W. F. Bush was in Indianapolis today on business.

John Peters returned from Louisville this morning.

N. Kaufman went to Cincinnati today on business.

Miss Beulah Mount went to Indianapolis this morning.

Mrs. Rose Christie of Indianapolis is here visiting relatives.

E. E. Hamilton made a business trip to Brownstown today.

Dr. Charles Gillispie was in Cincinnati today on business.

Mrs. D. W. Jenkins and family went to Brownstown this morning.

Miss Alice Peters is at home from a visit with friends in Fleming.

J. M. Baker is home from an extended visit in Aurora and Shelbyville.

Miss Lottie Gill went to Indianapolis this morning to spend several days.

Henry Kattman of Brownstown was here today on his way home from Crothersville.

Misses Ida and Mary Niehaus have gone to Indianapolis to spend a few days with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Wilson and children left this morning for Remington to visit relatives.

Walter Bottorff and Harry Simmons returned home last night from Parkersburg, West Va.

Mrs. Frank P. Adams returned last night from Hanover where she attended the funeral of her sister.

Mrs. Bessie Lee was called to Sheldstown this morning on account of the illness of James Lee.

Roy E. Morga, wife and daughter of New Albany are visiting at John Rockstroh's on North Ewing street.

Mrs. Frank Breithauer went to Columbus today on account of the sickness of her son-in-law, Ben Parker.

W. H. Handy, who has a position in Clinton, came over Monday evening on business returning this afternoon.

Mrs. William Duckworth went to Cincinnati this morning where she will make her home with her daughter, Mrs. Lida Pettit.

Judge Joseph Shea, O. H. Montgomery, John H. Kamman, A. C. Branaman and Noble Hayes attended court at Brownstown today.

Robert Short, who is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Short, returned Monday from Purdue where he spent several days with college friends.

**FOR DYSPEPSIA.**

**You Risk No Money If You Try This Remedy.**

We want everyone troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia to come to our store and obtain a box of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. They contain Bismuth-Subnitrate and Pepsin carefully combined so as to develop their greatest power to overcome digestive disturbance.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are very pleasant to take. They tend to soothe the irritable, weak stomach, to strengthen and invigorate the digestive organs, to relieve nausea and indigestion, thus promoting nutrition and bringing about a feeling of comfort.

If you will give Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets a reasonable trial we will return your money if you are not satisfied with the result. Three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1.00. Remember, you can obtain Rexall Remedies only at our store—The Rexall Store, The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

**TOWN HAS CRIME PRICE-LIST**

Judge of Kansas City (Kan.) Frames Amounts of Fines for Minor Offenses.

Kansas City, Kan.—Persons desiring to commit any of the minor crimes in Kansas City, Kan., may now estimate the cost in advance.

A framed list of the commoner crimes and the penalties therefor has been placed in the office of the chief of police of this city.

The list follows: Letting a goat run in a public place, \$5; allowing cows to graze on parking, \$10; throwing chewing gum on sidewalks or in street cars, \$5; stealing a gate, \$10; pulling pickets off a fence, \$5; having a pig pen on the place, \$25; talking "sassy" to women in stores and other public places, \$25; porters talking in rude or ungentlemanly manner, \$10; running races on the street, \$25; kissing in parks (in secluded spots), \$10; allowing chickens in neighbor's garden, \$5; carrying a "bean shooter," \$10.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

**H. A. HODAPP**  
Office Over The Bee Hive. Phone No. 223

**Fire, Lightning, Tornado, Life and Accident Insurance**

Life Insurance on Stock Against Death from Any Cause.

**Ask About Special 30 Day Policy**

**Special Bargains in Farms and City Property**

**MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT 5 1/2 PER CENT. INTEREST**



**ONE THING TO REMEMBER**  
is that you throw money away when you buy coal full of dirt, stones, slate, etc. They don't burn or give out heat. You save money when you buy our egg size soft coal with not a piece of slate in it. Which do you want to do? Think it over and you will give us your coal order next time you run out.

Raymond City Coal per ton \$4.00  
Phone No. 4.

**Ebner Ice and Cold Storage Co.**  
Exclusive Agents



**ARE YOU POSTED**

on lumber, mill work and prices? If you are, you are in position to judge, and you will appreciate ours. If you are not, you are just as safe in dealing with us, for nobody has ever known us to take advantage of a customer in our dealings. Fairness, squareness, liberality—those are our watchwords.

**SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.**  
419 S. Chestnut St.

**MARRIAGE LAWS IN EUROPE**

Obstacles Some Countries Put in the Way of Those Who Are Anxious to Wed.

London.—A blue book issued by the foreign office tells the British subject residing outside British territory how he may get married without returning to British soil. The book is intended primarily to point out the intricacies of marriage laws in foreign countries when one of the parties is an alien.

In Norway no clergyman may perform a marriage ceremony unless both parties prove that they have been vaccinated or have had smallpox. In the same country a guardian may retain his ward's goods and chattels if she should marry without his consent. Marriages between one of the orthodox faith and a non-Christian are forbidden.

Parental consent is necessary to marriage in Russia, and if the prospective bridegroom has insulted his parents or grandparents or the bride's parents or grandparents their pardon must be obtained to make the marriage legal.

This rule of obtaining parental consent when the parties are minors obtains in nearly every country and in some of them the consent of grandparents is necessary. Divorce does not dissolve the matrimonial bond in most Latin countries.

Marriage laws sanctioned by the Byzantine emperors are still in force in Greece. There are many conditions that prohibit marriage there.

Practically any reason that would justify the belief that the marriage would be unhappy, such as riotous or immoral conduct on the part of one of the applicants for a license, is a bar to marriage in Peru, where marked disparity in class and social condition is recognized as an impediment.

Proved immorality and lack of sufficient means to support a wife serve as a bar in Austria. While a marriage between a Christian and a non-Christian is illegal in Austria, a change of faith after marriage in such cases does not validate the union.

**Windows in Manila.**

Perhaps in no other country in the world are conchas used as a substitute for window glass. These shells are flat, nearly round, and average four inches in diameter. The edges are trimmed off, so as to leave panes about three inches square, and these are set in narrow strips of wood. The shells are, of course, translucent rather than transparent, and the result is a soft, opalescent light, very agreeable in a country where the glare of the sky would be intolerable if ordinary glass were used. To obtain the maximum window openings the sashes are made to slide horizontally on wide sills of hard wood in a manner similar to that adopted by the Japanese. By this means openings as wide as 12 feet are obtained.

If you have Republican Advertising on your mind, you're right.

**Confirmation Suits**

Confirmation is always the most important event in the life of a boy. We make a special showing in Confirmation suits. We have a wonderful range of good colorings and snappy up-to-date patterns to select from. Our prices are low for the quality we give you. Special line of fine hats, shirts and ties to complete the confirmation outfit.

**Thomas Clothing Co.**

## TOO MANY SMITHS

Senate Clerk Cannot Call the Roll, as in Olden Times.

There Are Big Smiths and Little Smiths, and Smiths From Nearly Every Section of the Country in the Chamber.

Washington.—Time was when the leading clerk of the senate called the roll of senators and shouted "Mr. Smith" just as he called the names of other senators. If he called "Mr. Smith" in a session of the senate now five senators would respond, provided all the Smiths who are entitled to vote were present.

The largest of the senate Smiths is Hoke Smith of Georgia, who weighs over 250 pounds and is more than six feet tall. The smallest of the five is probably Senator John Walter Smith of Maryland, Ellison Duran Smith of South Carolina, all Democrats, and William Alden Smith of Michigan, Republican. Marcus Aurelius Smith of Arizona, another Democrat. Marcus Aurelius is some Smith and will measure almost as many inches from head to toe as does Hoke Smith of Georgia.

Of the five Smiths now in the senate three are lawyers, Hoke Smith, William Alden Smith and Marcus Smith, while one, John Alden Smith, is a merchant, and the fourth, Ellison D. Smith, a farmer. When the clerk of the senate calls the roll of senators he names the Smiths as follows: "Mr. Smith of Michigan," or "Mr. Smith of Georgia," always adding the name of the state. The oldest of the Smiths is John Walter, who will soon be 67, and the youngest is Ellison of South Carolina, who was 45 in August.

When William Alden Smith of Michigan served in the house there were two other Smiths from the same state, so he came over to the senate.

Turning to the Congressional Directory for information concerning the five Smiths, one finds that Senator Hoke Smith requires but seven lines to recount his life history, while Ellison D. requires 25 lines to explain how he came to the senate.

William Alden Smith started life as a newsboy and sold popcorn in the streets of Detroit to support his mother.

John Walter Smith of Maryland grew wealthy in the lumber business. Marcus Aurelius Smith, the senate's latest acquisition, is Kentucky born, but early in life discovered that there were enough Smiths in that state without him and moved to Arizona.

Each and every one of the Smiths in the senate contends that the senate would be better off if more members of the family belonged to it.

## ACQUISITION OF WIRELESS URGED

Four hundred and eighty-eight ocean passenger steamships in the United States have complied with the wireless ship act, according to the report of the commissioner of navigation.

One hundred and forty-two other vessels in this country have voluntarily equipped with wireless. The total number of merchant vessels in the world equipped with wireless is now 1,013.

It is suggested that the United States government should control all wireless stations in the country, now operated by four or five corporations. On this point the report says:

"In the light of experience, it is probable that if we had now to meet at the beginning the question of land telegraph lines, the United States would have assumed the ownership and operation of them as other nations have done. If it should be deemed desirable for the government of the United States to acquire the same ownership and control of wireless stations within its limits which other nations have acquired virtually from the outset that result can be brought about with adequate consideration for all who are investments of individuals, at much less cost and with much less disturbance to the established order of things now than in the course of a few years."

The commissioner also recommends that the United States make provision to give American ships free use of the Panama Canal.

## VENEZUELA HUNTER'S PARADISE

Ralph Totten, recently consul of the United States at Maracaibo, Venezuela, thinks that Venezuela is the greatest hunting ground in the world. Mr. Totten has been appointed to Trieste, Austria, and stopped in Washington on his way to his post. He

has always been a source of

interest to me that more Americans

of hunting have not gone to

Venezuela, where, along the Amazon

and in the vicinity of Lake Maracaibo,

more varieties of wild birds and small

game can be found than perhaps any

other place on earth. So far as I

know, there have been only two

Americans who have hunted in that

country. One of them was Caspar

Whitney, the naturalist and writer,

who went there to kill a jaguar—a

species of the tiger family.

The jaguar is probably one of the

most powerful members of the cat

family. He has tremendous strength

in his forelegs, and with a stroke of

his paw can kill an ox. There are all

varieties of the wildcat family in

Venezuela, and they can be found al-

most any place in the country outside of the cities.

"Everyone knows, of course, that myriads of all varieties of the parrot family and monkeys can be found there. There are dozens of different kinds of parrots. Among them is the largest parrot in the world—the macaw—which measures several feet in length. These birds are black, with bright red heads and tails and wings tipped with red. A more beautiful bird I never saw. They fly in pairs, and a peculiarity of the species is that while flying they hook their bills together.

Along the Amazon and Lake Maracaibo, which, by the way, is as large a body of water as Lake Erie, there are all varieties of large snakes. The boa constrictor is a native of that country. The anaconda is another huge reptile that is met frequently.

## LABOR STRIKE IN CONGRESS.

For the first time in the history of the government a labor strike held up the machinery of congressional legislation a few days ago. The house committee stenographers refused to work because the accounts committee reduced their compensation from 25 to 15 cents a folio. The sugar trust investigating committee had to adjourn until the following day.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, the pure food expert, had been summoned from the department of agriculture to elucidate the No. 16 Dutch standard clause of the sugar tariff. He came armed with a polariscope, which he set up before the committee, and was reinforced by two assistants. The full committee was in attendance and a score of witnesses, sugar experts, sugar refiners, beet sugar growers and Michigan farmers were waiting to be called.

Chairman Hardwick called the committee to order and announced that a labor strike had stopped the proceedings.

The stenographers "out" are extras employed to help the regular salaried committee reporters. The reduction of pay would save about \$5,000. Chairman Lloyd of the accounts committee said that if the regular reporters interfered they would be dismissed.

## POSTAL DEPOSITS GROW.

Postmaster General Hitchcock in his annual report issued recently, discusses the postal savings banks, now established in virtually all of the 7,500 presidential post offices, and announces that plans are under way to extend the service to the 40,000 fourth class post offices that do a money order business.

The report expresses the hope that congress will authorize the establishment of a parcels post, although Mr. Hitchcock believes "great care should be taken not to cause a congestion of the mails and thus embarrass the present operation of the post offices."

"Postal savings deposits have kept pace with the extension of the system," says the report. "Amounting at the end of the first month to only \$60,252 in the 48 experimental offices, they increased in half year to \$679,310 and now, after 11 months of operation, have reached a total of \$11,000,000. At the present rate of increase the total on deposit in postal banks by July 1, 1912, will be \$40,000,000."

## ECONOMY TIES BUILDING PLANS

Congressmen who are depending on having obtained appropriations for public buildings to help them on their way back to another term, are much exercised over the dismissal of 80 draftsmen from the treasury department. No fault was found with the men or their work, but the appropriation ran out, thus severing their connection with the pay roll. This brings work on plans for public buildings to a standstill and turns 80 government employees out of their positions. It is going to be a little hard for congressmen to explain why promised public buildings are delayed, but not half as hard as it will be for some of the 80 men out of a job to connect with another where the duties were as light and the pay as heavy.

## PLAN MODEL ARMY POST.

Plans have been approved for and work is about to start at Fort Scofield, near Honolulu, on what is to be the model military post of the army. The buildings will be of reinforced concrete, so designed that each regiment will have a building of its own, including barracks, storerooms and everything necessary for its maintenance as a unit.

The officers quarters will be apart,

with double houses for married officers and one house for each four or five bachelor officers. At the post

will be concentrated most of the troops now scattered through the islands, so that drills and field exercises on a large scale may be undertaken.

## NEW CIVIL SERVICE RULE.

In future, civil service employees proposed for dismissal or reduction in grade or compensation will be furnished with a copy of reason or charges and granted a reasonable time to make answer in writing. This right is granted under an amendment to the civil service rules, the adoption of which has just been made public. Heretofore employees have been dismissed or reduced without notice.

The new rule provides that removal

or reduction may be imposed for any cause which will promote the efficiency of the service, but that like offenses shall be imposed for like offenses, and that no discrimination shall be exercised for political or religious reasons.

The jaguar is probably one of the

most powerful members of the cat

family. He has tremendous strength

in his forelegs, and with a stroke of

his paw can kill an ox. There are all

varieties of the wildcat family in

Venezuela, and they can be found al-

## Pretty Lace Bonnets



main the favored posies for little folks. Small field flowers look well with the heavier laces.

There is really a great amount of work on children's millinery, but it is not of the most difficult character.

The pretty hats of lace shown here are not beyond the skill of the mother who makes her children's dresses. The wire frame must be bought from the millinery shop or the department store and covered with mull of silk before the lace and facing are put on. Usually the finished hat looks considerably larger than the frame.

Val and cluny laces are the favorites. Quite a number of novelty laces have been brought out, but are not more attractive than those we have had heretofore.

White and pale colors make up nearly all the bonnets so that a choice of colors is easy enough. Very thin silks, chiffons and laces, are used for facings. Wide, soft ribbons or narrow velvet ribbons are chosen, with small daisies and blossoms of fruit trees re-

## UTILIZING THE SOILED SHOE

Days of Usefulness May Be Extended if Article Is Not Too Far Gone.

Here are a couple of hints for the girl whose dress allowance has to go a long way:

White kid shoes which are too soiled to wear and which are still of a good shape may be renewed for evening wear by painting them with gold paint. Do this carefully and smoothly and the shoes will look like new.

In some cases even soiled satin slippers may be successfully treated in this way.

White kid shoes may also be dyed a fast black by applying the following mixture to them: Five cents' worth of gallie acid and five cents' worth of sulphate of iron.

Put the sulphate of iron in just as much water as is required to dissolve it, no more, and apply this to the shoes. Let it dry, then dissolve the gallie acid in a very little water and apply this. When dry the shoes should be a good black color. Great care must be taken in using these chemicals, and after they have been used the surplus quantity should be thrown away.

## For the Wee One.

During the winter months a warm wrapper to slip over the baby when he is being taken from one room to another is a necessity. A very pretty one may be made of nun's veiling in pink or blue, with an underlining of thin wadding and batiste. The dainty little garment might be embroidered or scalloped round the edge and would prove a pretty present for baby and also a most useful one.

The wrapper should be large enough to slip on easily, for nothing jars a child's nerves more than to be forced into a coat that is too small, and if the wrap takes the form of cape it is equally necessary that it be large enough to envelop the little form when, as in this case, warmth is the object to be secured.

## Dainty Lace Caps.

Lace caps are much in vogue for young girls. It takes the dainty coiffure of the maid to produce the proper effect when the caps are worn, and the bits of vanity are hardly suitable for women of years. All sorts of old lace are being utilized in the manufacture of the caps, the latter being especially desirable for theater wear. They are often finished with sprays of tiny pink rosebuds, and fit closely over the

head.

## Blouses With Silk Suits.

Hand tucked tulle blouses are worn with silk suits. They are made quite simple, trimmed only with tulle or netting or plissés.

## Smart Evening Gowns.

Lace and the most gorgeous of brocades threaded with gold and silver and worked in flowers of wool or silk, or both, make up the most handsome of evening gowns. But beaded net is also used, with a softening note of old lace on the shoulders.

## Change in Gamble's Luck

Finds a \$5 Bill, Then Two Tens, but the Next Find Is Something Else.

George Gamble struck a streak of luck the other day. Mr. Gamble, incidentally, is manager of the Pere Marquette fast freight line. He walked into a hotel in Kansas, and there, upon the lobby floor, he saw a small green wad. "A \$5 bill," marveled Mr. Gamble when he unrolled it.

A week or so later he ambled into the lobby of another hotel in another state. The first thing his eyes lit upon was a pellet of green near the clerk's desk. Business of making a hurried dive for it and then discovering two \$10 bills, packed together. Mr. Gamble observed that he was sure enough in the middle of the lucky curve. He wondered what he would find next.

He came to town, walked into the Cadillac, and there, in the middle of the lobby floor, appeared that familiar little emerald bulb. Mr. Gamble sidled toward it, trying to look as if he was looking another way. Just at that moment a small dog butted in. He seized the little green wad and frolicked toward the street. Mr. Gamble abandoned his pretense at indifference and dived for the mutt. "Grab um," begged Mr. Gamble; "catch um."

A gentleman standing by the door obliged. He took the little bundle out of the dog's mouth; then he looked up at Mr. Gamble. "This yours?" he asked.

Mr. Gamble thought he would take a chance. "Yep," he said; "it's mine. I just missed it."

The gentleman handed over the bundle with an odd look at Mr. Gamble, and went away hastily. Mr. Gamble examined it. The wrapper was of soft green paper. It had broken in several places from the dog's teeth. Inside was a pair of lady's garters.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

## ALL ALONE IN THE STORM

Inside, the Merry Country Party Wotted Not of the Forlorn Figure Out in the Cold.

It was bitter cold. The snow fell thickly, and, driven by the wind, it beat relentlessly against the faces of those who were not sheltered. A wild night, indeed. Midwinter, and in the open country, and one of the coldest nights in the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

He stood not far from the winding, snowbound road, his face turned toward the highway. A forlorn object in that great storm.

His old felt hat, jammed roughly on his head, but ill-protected his face and ears from the chilly blasts. He wore no overcoat, only a light and much-frayed jacket, more fitted, indeed, for summer weather than the zero temperature of that night. His hands were unprotected by gloves, while his trousers, thin and worn, fluttered about his legs. He wore no shoes.

Inside the great farm, close by, the lights blazed merrily, and through the windows, from which the shades were drawn, could be seen many young people passing hither and thither. A merry country party—youth and laughter.

And now through the storm others make their way to the farmhouse. They are bundled up warm and comfortable, and defy the snow and the cold. They are happy in the anticipation of the joyful evening before them. Care and worry have no part in their minds.

They do not know that close by stands that ill-clothed figure, with arms stretched appealingly forth, and if they knew there would be no pity in their hearts.

For it was only the old farmer's scarecrow.—William Sanford in Puck.

## Flight of a Honey Bee.

George S. Demuth, now with the United States department of agriculture, but until recently at the head of the apiculture department in the office of the state entomologist, tells in the forthcoming annual report of the apiculture department, of proof he has of the great speed attained by honey bees in their flight. Mr. Demuth was shipping some bees from Terre Haute to Indianapolis in a special traction car, when a few of the bees escaped from the boxes in which they were being transported.

"When the bees escaped," said Mr. Demuth, "I watched their behavior and was surprised to find they had no difficulty in flying out at the open car door and flying ahead of the moving car. The car was going at the rate of 35 or 40 miles an hour. In my opinion, the flight of a honey bee must exceed the speed of the average railway train."

## Smoking to Be Stopped.

Statistics gathered through investigation by the authorities of New York city show that 3,245 fires in

# GOVERNOR WILL SOUND KEYNOTE

Program Arranged By Democratic State Committee.

## PLANS COMING CONVENTION

Meeting of the State Committee This Afternoon, It Is Announced, Will Be Followed by Announcement of the Program For State Convention March 21, Governor Marshall to Be Named as the Temporary Chairman.

Indianapolis, March 5.—It is expected that before the Democratic state committee adjourns this afternoon it will announce the selection of Governor Marshall for the position of temporary chairman of the state convention, which will be held at Tomlinson Hall on March 21. Just what other business will come before the committee is not known, but it is understood that the full details of the temporary organization of the state convention will be determined at this meeting.

Leading Democrats say that Governor Marshall is the logical man for the temporary chairmanship. Not only is he the governor of the state, but he is the candidate of the Indiana Democrats for the nomination for president, they say, and this entitles him to the honor.

The temporary chairman is the man that delivers the keynote speech for the campaign. If Governor Marshall is selected for temporary chairman, as it is practically certain that he will be, it will be up to him to make the speech defining the position of the Indiana Democracy on the political issues of the campaign. And since he is a candidate for the presidency, those who discuss the matter say that the speech probably will be made a national campaign document and distributed all over the country.

### DO NOT CONFLICT

Court Holds Nicholson and Proctor Laws Stand Together.

Indianapolis, March 5.—An unsuccessful attack on the Nicholson law was made in the criminal court by William N. Harding, attorney for James Scanlon, roadhouse keeper, who filed a motion to quash that part of the indictment against him which sets out his former convictions and attributes to the court jurisdiction to revoke the license. Mr. Harding argued that the Proctor liquor regulation law repealed the clause in the Nicholson law which gives the judge of the police or criminal court the power to revoke a license when the holder has been twice before convicted of violating that law.

Judge Markey overruled the motion and said that both laws might well stand together and did not conflict. Mr. Harding argued that the Proctor law placed the power of revoking a license in the board of county commissioners and that a method of procedure by which the commissioners could revoke a license was clearly set out in that law.

Scanlon's attorney said no fight would be made on the charge that Scanlon's place was open last Labor day, the offense for which he is being tried. As Scanlon does not deny that charge, all the state has to do is to prove by the records his former convictions under the Nicholson law.

### Miners' Election Returns.

Brazil, Ind., March 5.—Lawrence Garrigus of Perth, according to unofficial returns, has defeated James D. Holden, present incumbent, for president of District 8 of the United Mine Workers of America. Charles Griffin, a colored man, carried two of the three local in Brazil.

### Recovery Is Predicted.

Muncie, Ind., March 5.—Hospital physicians predict the recovery of Warren Stroup, the young married man who shot Mrs. Margaret Cooper last Thursday night, and turned the weapon on himself. Mrs. Cooper has been removed to the home of a relative.

### A Gun in Careless Hands.

Bedford, Ind., March 5.—While a bunch of boys was playing in the woods, Willie Ping, twenty-one years old, was accidentally shot in the forehead with an air rifle in the hands of Claude Faubion, the ball penetrating the skull. The lad is unconscious.

### WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p.m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather
New York..... 33	Cloudy
Boston..... 23	Pt. cloudy
Denver..... 12	Cloudy
San Francisco. 50	Cloudy
St. Paul..... 10	Clear
Chicago..... 22	Cloudy
Indianapolis. 26	Pt. cloudy
St. Louis..... 28	Cloudy
New Orleans.. 62	Cloudy
Washington... 26	Cloudy

Unsettled, probably snow.

J. R. ANDREWS.

Ohio Senator Indicted In the Bribery Investigation.



### BIG RETURN FROM DOLLAR

For a dollar given to a stranger eight years ago Joseph Clair, a Philadelphia druggist, may receive an estate of over \$125,000. Eight years ago a man who was evidently suffering from the effects of the night before came into the drug store and told Clair that he was up against it, had spent his last cent and needed enough to get a bite to eat. He asked for a quarter.

After a short talk Clair gave the man a dollar and the stranger departed with the remark: "You'll never regret this, young man. It will be richly repaid."

Clair forgot the incident. Five years ago the man again came into the store and recalling the dollar loan made the druggist a present of a handsome gold-headed cane. Clair did not forget the matter so quickly then, but he was thoroughly surprised a few days ago when he received a letter from a firm of lawyers in Rockdale, Wyo., saying that Joseph Waters, a wealthy rancher near that city, had left his entire property, valued at over \$125,000, to him.

### TRAVELER'S MISTAKE

Columbus, O., March 5.—The trial of State Senator L. R. Andrews of Irondequoit, charged with accepting a bribe of \$200 in connection with the Whittmore insurance bill, is in progress. Senator Andrews is one of a group of senators tracked by detectives, who charged they solicited money in connection with legislation before the last general assembly.

## ALLEGED ROBBER WAS ACTIVE CHURCH GOER

Also Took Part In Y. M. C. A. Activities.

Lafayette, Ind., March 5.—Fred Hix, aged twenty-six, was arrested at the Y. M. C. A. building here, charged with leading a dual life, posing as a gentleman of leisure in the daytime and at night committing bold burglaries at different points in Indiana.

Hix has been living at the Y. M. C. A. for several months, and, apparently, was a man of excellent habits, who attended church and Sunday school and took part in Y. M. C. A. activities. He was walking down Main street when a boy from Battle Ground recognized him as a man who escaped from the marshal of that place several months ago after being arrested on suspicion in connection with a robbery of the Monon railroad station there.

Hix was arrested by the sheriff and city police and at first denied that he ever had been arrested before. It was learned, however, that Judge Vinton had filed parole papers for Hix, and that Hix was reporting to Judge Vinton every month. The young man had served a term at Jeffersonville for grand larceny, committed at Crawfordsville, and was paroled a year and a half ago.

Hix had an extensive wardrobe, wore a different suit of good quality each day of the week. The police searched his room at the Y. M. C. A. and found, among other things, a small "jimmy," such as is used in prying open windows. Hix denies, however, that he committed the chain of robberies attributed to him.

### WOMEN TERRORIZE LONDON.

London, March 5.—London resembles an armed camp, and all because of the obstreperous conduct of the suffragettes in their window smashing campaign. There are 6,000 policemen on duty at Westminster and the shopping districts in the west end of the city, to prevent further window breaking demonstrations on the part of the militant suffragettes following their demonstration last night.

### MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

#### Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.

Wheat—Wagon, 98c; No. 2 red, \$1.00. Corn—No. 3, 68½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 54½c. Hay—Baled, \$18.00 @ 22.00; timothy, \$23.00 @ 26.00; mixed, \$22.00 @ 24.50. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 6.75. Sheep—\$2.00 @ 4.00. Lambs—\$3.50 @ 6.75. Receipts—2,500 hogs; 500 cattle; 50 sheep.

#### At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.04. Corn—No. 2, 71c. Oats—No. 2, 55½c. Cattle—\$3.25 @ 7.25. Hogs—\$3.50 @ 6.85. Sheep—\$1.25 @ 3.75. Lambs—\$4.25 @ 6.85.

#### At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.08½. Corn—No. 3, 67½c. Oats—No. 2, 54½c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 8.50; stockers @ 6.65. Sheep—\$2.25 @ 4.75. Lambs—\$4.25 @ 7.15.

#### At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.03. Corn—No. 3, 68½c. Oats—No. 2, 53½c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 8.50. Hogs—\$4.00 @ 6.65. Sheep—\$2.25 @ 4.75. Lambs—\$4.50 @ 6.70.

#### At East Buffalo.

Cattle—\$3.25 @ 8.00. Hogs—\$4.50 @ 7.00. Sheep—\$2.00 @ 5.50. Lambs—\$3.50 @ 7.50.

#### At Toledo.

Wheat, \$1.08½; July, \$1.00; cash \$1.01½.

## THE TAFT-TEDDY FIGHT WARMS UP

The Colonel Is Out With Another Statement.

### TAFT FORCES FOLLOW SUIT

The Letter For the First Time Ring in the Names of George W. Perkins and the Steel Trust and International Harvester Company as Aiders and Abettors of Roosevelt Campaign. Colonel Explains Letter.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., March 5.—A letter written by Colonel Theodore Roosevelt to E. A. Van Valkenburgh, editor of the Philadelphia North American, on June 27, 1911, which contained the statement that he had assured Secretary of War Stimson, Secretary of the Navy Meyer and others that he would not be a candidate in 1912 is explained by the colonel, who says it was perfectly true that he had said that he would not be a candidate in 1912, but that he had not asserted that he would not accept the nomination if it was offered to him. He made it clear that he saw nothing in his letter to Van Valkenburgh to conflict with his recent statement that he would accept the nomination if tendered to him.

"To all who were at that time writing me if I was a candidate, I answered that I was not," he said. "To all who then asked me if I would accept if nominated, I answered 'Yes.' If I knew them sufficiently well to be sure they would absolutely understand me, I answered that I would accept if nominated. Otherwise I simply told them I would not cross that bridge until I came to it."

"In most cases, if my correspondents were close personal friends, I told them that I counted upon them doing everything possible toward preventing any movement looking to my nomination. It was not until within the last three or four months that I was finally obliged to come to the conclusion that there was a real demand among the people as a whole for my nomination, which did not come in any way from any friends of mine and was neither inspired or engineered by them. When I became convinced that this demand was real and was considerable, and when the governors of seven states (increased by this time to ten, I may mention incidentally) asked me if I would accept if nominated, I answered 'Yes.'

"I added an expression of my wish that wherever possible presidential preference primaries might be held so as to find out whether the Republican voters wished to have me nominated. If the people do not wish me to serve, most certainly I do not wish to serve. If they do desire me to undertake, in their interest, a great task, I shall certainly do so, and shall perform it with whatever courage and ability I possess."

"Whether there will be such an expression of the popular will I can't say, as where there are no presidential preference primaries it unfortunately seems too often to be the case that the efforts of the political leaders is not to give expression to the popular will, but to thwart it in every way possible."

"In June, 1911, and about that time, persistent efforts were made from Washington to convince the progressives that I was really supporting Mr. Taft. On one particular occasion the statement was made with great explicitness. I promptly denied that statement, and was assured on one hand that the statement was inspired from the White House, and was informed on the other that it had not originated there, but was made purely on the initiative of the Associated Press. The Associated Press people assured me that they were not responsible for the false statement."

"As will be seen by reference to the Van Valkenburgh letter, Mr. Noyes (of the Associated Press) was quoted as having got information from independent sources. I hardly need point out that I cannot know who gave out this letter, but certainly not Mr. Van Valkenburgh, as I know him to be an honorable man."

The letter was called forth by an Associated Press dispatch which represented Mr. Roosevelt as having pledged himself to Taft. Colonel Roosevelt in the Van Valkenburgh letter characterizes this published report as a "deliberate invention."

Frank B. Noyes, president of the Associated Press, when questioned in regard to the Roosevelt letter, declined to comment on it.

The publication of the Roosevelt letter is only one of several developments in the last day or two that indicates that the campaign of Mr. Taft and his predecessor and political sponsor is going to be extremely bitter. The Taft campaign bureau gave out a statement last night for the first time in which they brought in the names of George W. Perkins, the steel trust and the International Harvester company in connection with activity of the Roosevelt boomers. Perkins is mentioned as a contributor to the Roosevelt fund.

Charged With Heinous Offense.

Bloomington, Ind., March 5.—George Taylor, twenty-one years old, is held here on a charge of attacking Lena, the eleven-year-old daughter of Samuel H. Patton, a farmer.

### FIRST HIGH SILK HAT

It was in January, 1797, that the first high silk hat was seen upon a man's head. The London Times in its issue of Jan. 16 of that year related the event as follows:

"John Hetherington, mercer in the Strand, was arraigned before the lord mayor, who found him guilty of disorderly conduct and inciting to riot and imposed a fine of £500. Mr. Hetherington, with the evident intention of frightening the people, appeared in the public street wearing a strange high hat covered with very glossy silk, the luster of which dazzled the sight. According to the testimony of the constables, several women fainted at the sight, children screamed with fright, the panic-stricken crowd fled and one of the sons of Mr. Thomas Currier was thrown down in the excitement and broke his arm."

### HUNTS DAILY, THOUGH 103

Seventy-eight years ago Donald Davis, a native of West Royalston, Mass., was dropped from the Boston police force on the advice of a physician, who said that he had but a year to live and that if he wanted to die at home he had better return there at once. Mr. Davis celebrated his 103rd birthday the other day, and he maintains that he is hardly beginning to feel old. He goes almost daily with his gun into the woods and seldom comes back without game. His wife, whom he married in 1842, still presides over his household at the age of 95 years.

### GREYHOUND OF AFGHANISTAN



The greyhound, one of the oldest varieties of the dog known, takes remarkable form in Afghanistan, as this photograph bears witness. It has a coat like a hearth-rug, and is, of course, the result of much cross breeding.

### THOUSAND-YEAR-OLD BREAD

During recent excavations at Ljunga, in Sweden, a loaf was discovered which must be quite 1,000 years old. It has been carefully examined and has been found to consist of pea-flour and the bark of the fir tree. The latter is nothing unusual, for during many times of sore hardship the Swedish peasantry have had to fall back upon bark bread, made simply from the bark of the trees. There are still living old men and women in remote parts of Sweden who can remember eating bark bread in the hard days of their youth.

### WEDDED PROFANITY

One often finds euphemism existing in the names of couples who go to the altar, but rarely to the extent of that recorded in a Cloquet paper, which chronicles the marriage of Charles B. Gosh and Annie B. Damm under the caption of "Gosh-Damm." The good gentleman of the cloth who performed the ceremony doubtless had a hard task, but says the St. Paul Pioneer Press, he bravely overcame the difficulty by coughing violently every time he was called to pronounce the bride's name.

### MAIL BAGS OF RULERS

The mail bag at the Vatican probably contains the largest number of letters that are addressed to any single person or institution. Emperor William of Germany comes next with an average of 7,500 letters a day. Then comes the president of the United States with an average of 5,000 letters. The letters of the king of England have dwindled down to 2,500 a day, about one-third the number received by his father. The mail of the czar of Russia, is comparatively small, being only about 500 a day.

### ROBINS ARE DRUNKARDS

Robins in Georgia have acquired habits of insobriety. The "bird licker" that intoxicates them is believed to be obtained from China berries, which grow in profusion there. Many of the robins that have been found in a "drunken" condition have been watched during the time of their stupor, watchers being careful to keep cats at a safe distance, and it has been observed that in a few hours the birds revive and immediately get back to the China berry trees.

### SKIN AND SCALP TROUBLE?

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We want you to test ZEMO and ZEMO SOAP. All you need to invest is 25c, and you can secure at this store a new trial package consisting of a generous bottle of ZEMO, a trial size of ZEMO SOAP, and a 32-page booklet, "How to Preserve the Skin." ZEMO has become within a few short years, the nation's most popular skin and scalp cure. It is a pure, clean, soothing treatment—and its effects are most marvelous. It has cured the severest cases of Eczema, stubborn Pimples, Blackheads, and severe Facial blemishes. It removes Dandruff and cleans

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Piano Teacher,  
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## WHITE SLAVERS TO BE PUNISHED

Nation-Wide Crusade Against  
Iniquitous Traffic

### MEN OF MEANS BEHIND MOVE

Under the Direction of the American  
Vigilance Association, Headed by  
David Starr Jordan, a General On-  
slaught Will Be Made Upon the  
Nefarious Crew Whose Traffic in White  
Slaves Has Become a World Stench.

Washington, March 5.—Under the direction of David Starr Jordan of the American Vigilance Association, lately organized as the working force of this new movement, some of the biggest enterprises of the country, working in conjunction with the department of justice, are beginning a gigantic campaign against white slavery in the United States. Funds for the prosecution of the campaign have been pouring in from all over the country. Associated with the movement are some of the wealthiest men in this country, whose names are at present withheld. It is understood that they have pledged themselves to furnish the money for the support of the organization.

The work of the American Vigilance association will be conducted through a number of departments. Headquarters are already in readiness in New York and Chicago, and offices will soon be opened in San Francisco. The plan of operation of the association is simple but complete. Attached to each headquarters will be lawyers, detectives and educators. Whenever a city or town wants to start a crusade against the white slave traffic the association will supply it with detectives who will investigate conditions, and lawyers who will prepare the evidence. The evidence will then be turned over to the state or federal authorities and the influence of the association will be exerted to bring about effective prosecution.

Acting under this arrangement the association will begin investigations into the white slave traffic in five different cities within the next few days.

### READY TO SERVE

The Colonel Declines to Sidestep Duty  
as a County Juror.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., March 5.—"All call jurors please answer to your names and save your fines," chanted the clerk of the Nassau court, adding almost in the same breath, as he began the roll: "Theodore Roosevelt." Colonel Roosevelt answered "Here" and saved his fine. The colonel studied his court calendar closely and appeared to take a keen interest in all that was going on. He said later that it was to be his first experience as a juror.

When he colonel arrived at the Nassau county courthouse at Mineola, Justice Putnam called him into his chambers and told the colonel he would be glad to excuse him if he cared to plead "public business." But the colonel would do nothing of the kind. He explained that he would like to get off today to keep an appointment in New York, but that otherwise he was ready to do his duty.

To a reporter who expressed surprise that Colonel Roosevelt had not been excused from serving, the colonel replied: "I'm not asking any favors. I'll serve if they wish."

Then he took his seat within the rail with the other talesmen, heard the grand jury sworn in and listened to the calling of the calendar before it came his turn to take part. When the list of call jurors was read, the colonel's name was first on the list. As he stepped before the bench Justice Putnam said:

"I understand it would be more agreeable to you, colonel, to appear later in the week."

"It would be more convenient, your honor," replied the colonel, and the court told him to be on hand on Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

Colonel Roosevelt said he had no idea how long he would be in court. He would be in his place on Wednesday, ready to serve as long as he was needed. He gets \$3 a day and a mileage allowance while he is serving.

### AGAIN IN DITCH

"Eighteen Hour" Limited Has Some  
More Hard Luck.

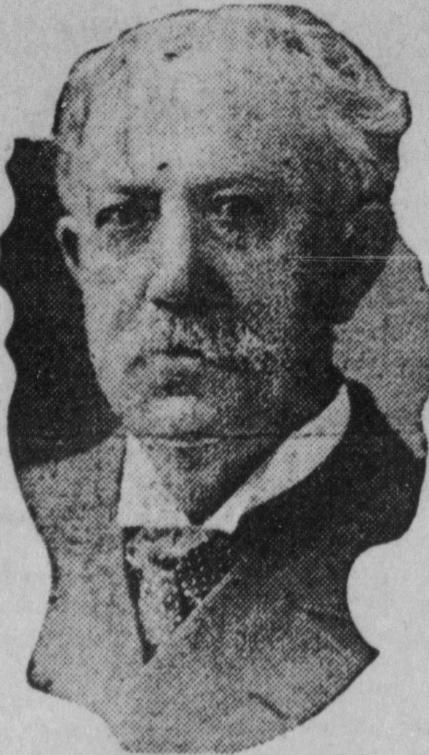
Upper Sandusky, O., March 5.—The Pennsylvania railroad's eighteen-hour flyer, bound from New York for Chicago, was wrecked at Glenville, O. None of the passengers or crew was killed, but thirty-five of the former were severely bruised by being tossed about in the berths.

One of the double trucks on the first engine broke and the locomotive was thrown from the rails. The engineer of the second locomotive stuck to his post and reduced the train's speed considerably before his engine and the two following cars left the track.

Ended Hopeless Struggle.  
Fort Wayne, Ind., March 5.—Despondent over his own ill health and because his wife is a helpless invalid from paralysis, Israel Luther, aged sixty-eight, farmer and fruit grower, committed suicide.

DAVID STARR JORDAN

College President Heads Crusade  
Against the White Slave Traffic.



## POURS HOT SHOT INTO SENATOR STEPHENSON

Election "Tainted at the Foun-  
tain," Says Kenyon.

Washington, March 5.—In the consider-  
ation of the Stephenson case Senator  
Kenyon of Iowa was the principal  
speaker in the senate. Kenyon is a  
progressive Republican. He was one  
of the five senators who signed the  
minority report of the committee on  
privileges and elections, declaring that  
Senator Stephenson's seat should be  
vacated. He was severe on the aged  
senator's campaign methods.

"This election," said Mr. Kenyon,  
"is, as Lord Coke said in the Long  
case, 'tainted at its fountain.'

"The methods employed would not  
have dignified a candidacy for county  
sheriff. The election was the result  
of an organized riot of corruption; a  
debanchery of the electorate by threat-  
ening, employment, purchase of news-  
paper influence and other despicable  
methods, creating by money political  
enthusiasm and securing political sup-  
port. Such practices should cease and  
cease now. Otherwise the cancer of  
corruption will eat close to the heart  
of the republic."

"If men can be sent here by money  
others can be defeated by money, and  
there are men in this chamber who  
know what it means to have the purses  
of great interests opened to defeat  
them. We are marching on, no one  
need be discouraged; the people, not  
money, are going to rule in this coun-  
try. We are advancing."

"Above any other question is the  
great one of public policy. A man who  
turns loose this enormous sum of mon-  
ey to secure a seat here is not as a  
matter of public policy entitled to re-  
main a member of this body. Even  
were the election legal he should be  
expelled."

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Weight about 1500. Iva L. Dill-  
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Price right. Inquire here. d&w-tf

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FOR RENT—House, five rooms,  
large hall, cellar, gas, water, central  
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f19dtf

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house, near the center of the city.  
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FOR RENT—House on east Laurel.  
Inquire of Wm. Willman. m5d-tf

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troit, Mich. m9d

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